

7. EXERCÍCIOS

1) Mostre que:

$$\text{a) } \cos^2 t = \frac{1}{1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 t} \quad \text{b) } \operatorname{sen}^2 t = \frac{\operatorname{tg}^2 t}{1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 t}.$$

2) Sabendo que $\operatorname{tg} t = 5$, $0^\circ < t < 90^\circ$, calcule $\cos t$ e $\operatorname{sen} t$.

3) Considere um triângulo equilátero de lado 1, para calcular: $\operatorname{sen} 30^\circ$, $\cos 30^\circ$, $\operatorname{tg} 30^\circ$, $\operatorname{sen} 60^\circ$, $\cos 60^\circ$ e $\operatorname{tg} 60^\circ$.

4) Marque na circunferência trigonométrica as extremidades dos arcos de medidas dadas a seguir, onde $k \in \mathbb{Z}$.

$$\begin{array}{lll} \text{A) } x = 2k\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{4}; & \text{B) } x = k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{6} & \text{C) } x = k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4} \\ \text{D) } x = \frac{2k\pi}{3} & \text{E) } x = \frac{2k\pi}{3} + \frac{\pi}{4} & \text{F) } x = \frac{k\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{6} \end{array}$$

5) Dados os conjuntos $E = \{x \in \mathbb{R}; x = k\pi/3, k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$, $F = \{x \in \mathbb{R}; x = \pi/3 + k\pi/2, k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ e $G = \{x \in \mathbb{R}; x = 2k\pi/3, k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$, determine e represente na circunferência trigonométrica:

$$\text{A) } E \cap F; \quad \text{B) } E \cap F \cap G; \quad \text{C) } F - E.$$

6) Diga se é verdadeiro ou falso:

$$\text{A) } \operatorname{sen} 2 > 0 \quad \text{B) } \cos 4 < 0 \quad \text{C) } \operatorname{sen} 3 > \operatorname{sen} 2 \quad \text{D) } \cos \pi/4 > \cos 1 \quad \text{E) } \operatorname{tg} 5 > \operatorname{tg} 6.$$

7) Sendo $\operatorname{tg} t = \sqrt{\frac{a-b}{a+b}}$, $a > b > 0$ e $\cos t < 0$, calcule as demais funções trigonométricas de t .

8) Prove a identidade:

$$\text{A) } \frac{1 - \operatorname{tg}^2 x}{1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 x} = 2\cos^2 x - 1$$

9) Calcule:

$$\text{A) } \operatorname{tg} 1935^\circ \quad \text{B) } \operatorname{sen} 3000^\circ \quad \text{C) } \operatorname{tg} \frac{5\pi}{4} \quad \text{D) } \frac{\cos 765^\circ - \operatorname{sen} 1395^\circ}{\operatorname{tg} 1410^\circ}$$

10) Determine o domínio e a imagem das seguintes funções:

$$\text{A) } f(x) = -2 - \cos x; \quad \text{B) } f(x) = 1 + 4\operatorname{sen}(x + \pi/3); \quad \text{C) } f(x) = \operatorname{cotg}(x - \pi/5).$$

11) Se f é uma função periódica de período T então a função $g(t) = m + n f(at + b)$, a , b , m e $n \in \mathbb{R}$ e a e n são não nulos, é periódica com período $\frac{T}{|a|}$. Use este fato para determinar o período das seguintes funções:

$$\text{A) } f(t) = 3 - \operatorname{sen} 4t; \quad \text{B) } f(t) = 1 + 2\cos(t/2); \quad \text{C) } f(t) = \operatorname{tg}(t + \pi).$$

12) Verifique a paridade das seguintes funções:

$$\text{A) } f(t) = t^3 \cos t; \quad \text{B) } f(t) = t \operatorname{tg} t;$$

13) Esboce o gráfico das funções definidas pelas seguintes sentenças, indicando domínio e imagem:

$$\text{A) } f(t) = 2 + \cos t; \quad \text{B) } f(t) = \operatorname{sen}(t + \pi/4); \quad \text{C) } f(t) = \operatorname{tg}(t - \pi/4);$$

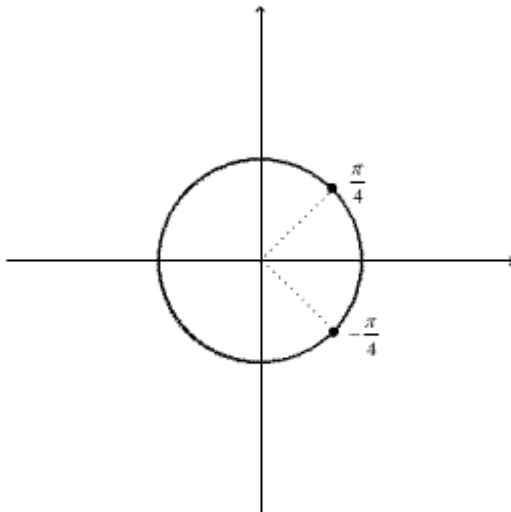
$$\text{D) } f(t) = \operatorname{sen}(t/2); \quad \text{E) } f(t) = -3\cos t; \quad \text{F) } f(t) = |\operatorname{sen} t|;$$

G) $f(t) = 1 + \sin 2t$.

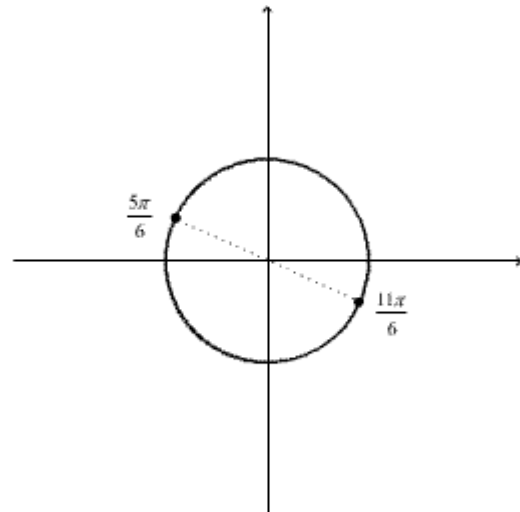
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2) $\cos t = \frac{1}{\sqrt{26}}$ e $\sin t = \frac{5}{\sqrt{26}}$.

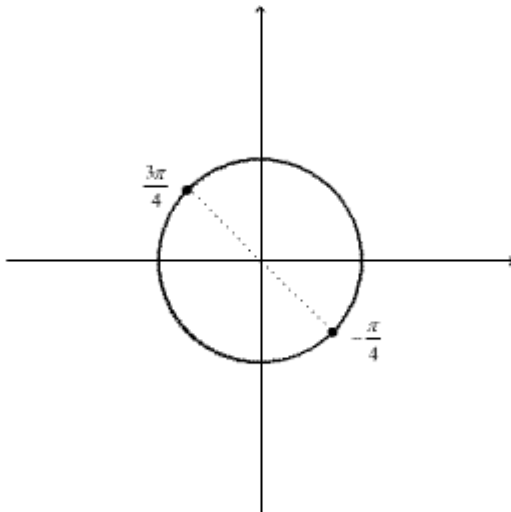
4A)



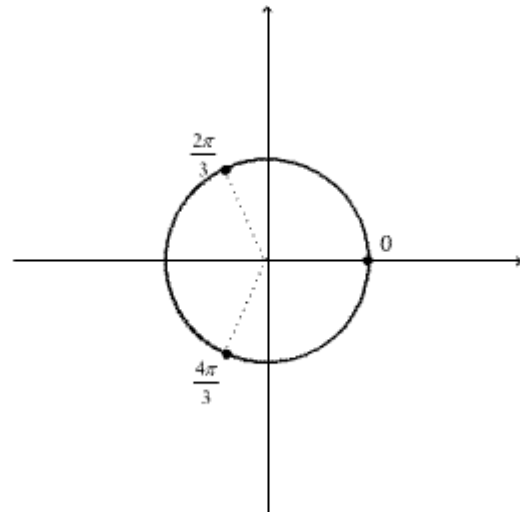
4B)



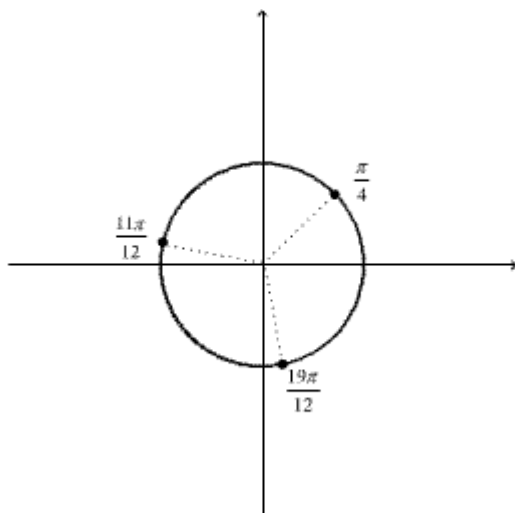
4C)



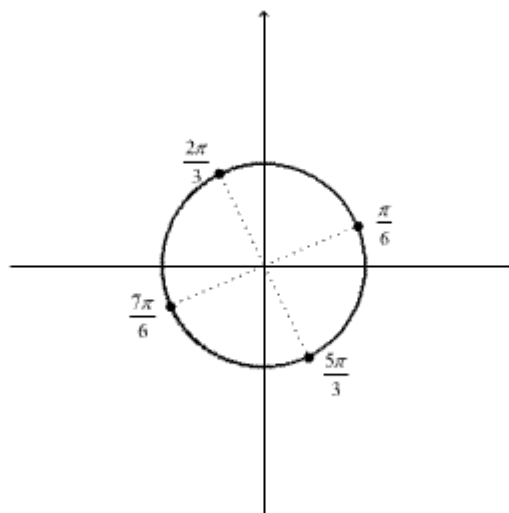
4D)



4F)

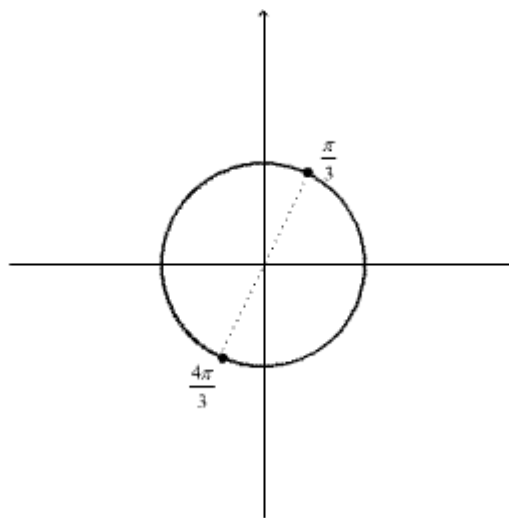


4G)



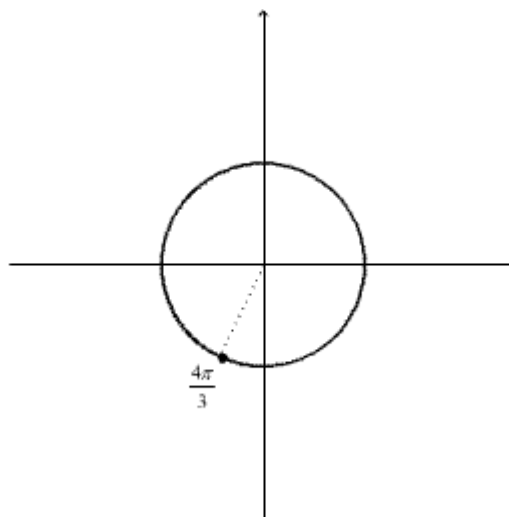
5A)

$$E \cap F = \left\{ x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{3}, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$$



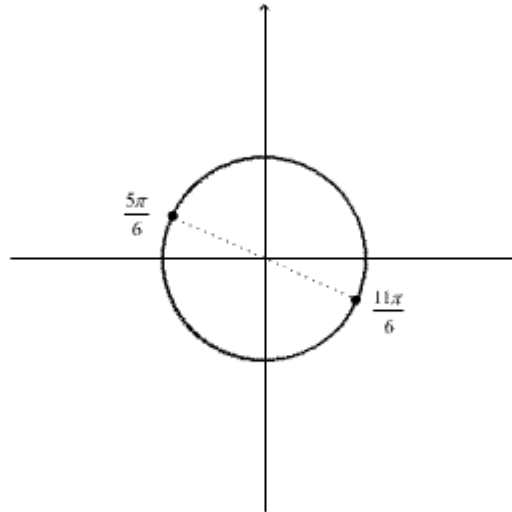
5B)

$$E \cap F \cap G = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R}, x = \frac{4\pi}{3} + 2k\pi \text{ e } k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$$



5C)

$$F - E = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R}, x = \frac{5\pi}{6} + k\pi \text{ e } k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$$



6) A) V B) V C) F D) V E) F

9) A) -1 B) $\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}$ C) 1 D) 1 E) $-\sqrt{6}$

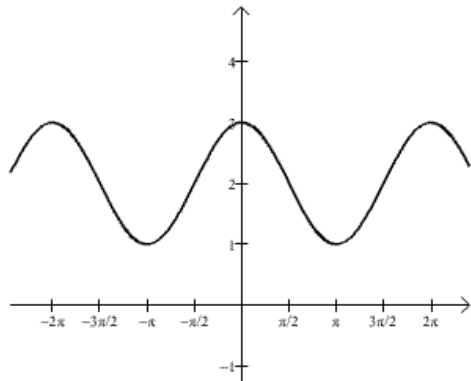
10) A) $D = \mathbb{R}$ e $\text{Im} = [-3, -1]$ B) $D = \mathbb{R}$ e $\text{Im} = [-3, 5]$

C) $D = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R}; x \neq \frac{7\pi}{10} + k\pi \right\}$

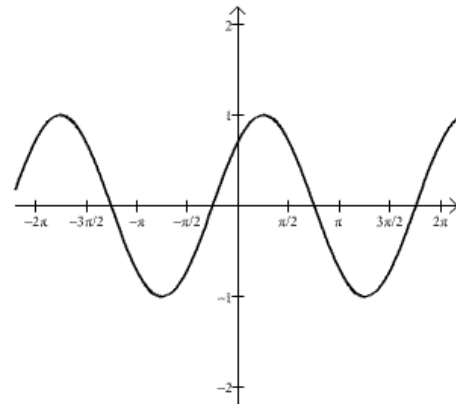
11) A) $\pi/2$ B) 4π C) π

12) A) ímpar B) par C) par

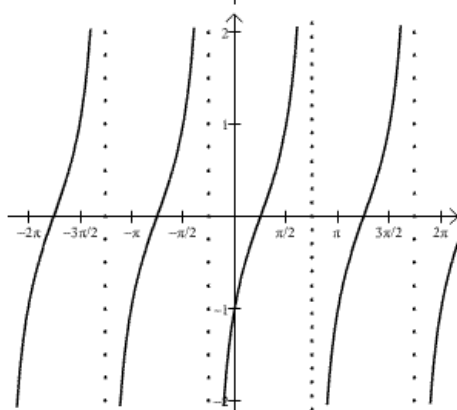
13A)



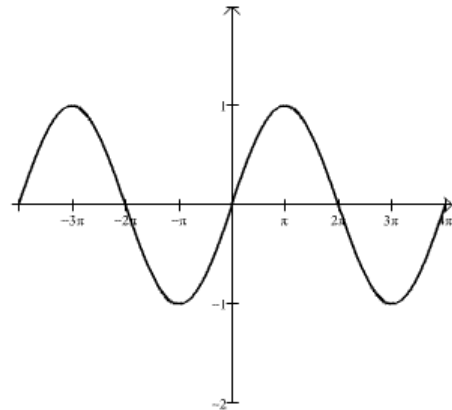
13B)



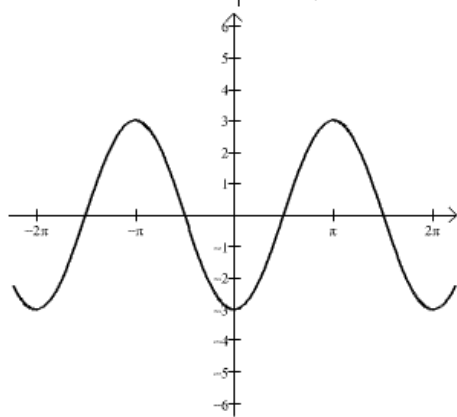
13C)



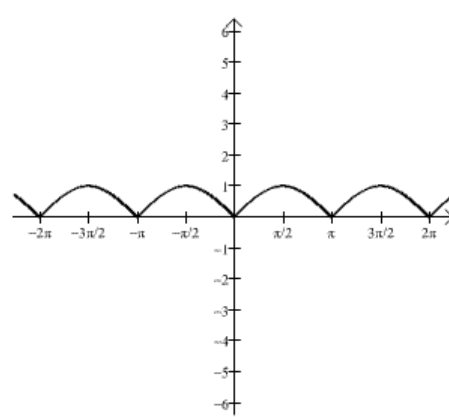
13D)



13E)



13F)



13G)

